**Financial Statements** 

March 31, 2019

# Financial Statements

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# **Independent Auditors' Report**

# To the Members of Giant Mine Oversight Body Society

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Giant Mine Oversight Body Society, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at March 31, 2019, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Society in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.



# **Independent Auditors' Report (continued)**

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Yellowknife, Canada August 22, 2019

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

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Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31,	2019	2018
Revenues		
Interest income	\$ 1	\$ 922
Contribution - Government of Canada - Operating	777,076	669,630
Contribution - Government of Canada - Research	388,206	180,285
Transfer from deferred revenue	37,146	37,146
Transfer to deferred capital contributions	(8,073)	(3,251)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	17,601	22,314
Contribution repayable	<b>■</b>	(99,410)
	1,211,957	807,636
Expenses		
Accounting, audit, and legal	60,499	43,094
Advertising and promotion	20,465	8,003
Amortization	17,601	22,314
Contract and consulting fees	92,301	78,758
Equipment rental	-	235
Honoraria	177,338	189,674
Insurance	8,110	8,634
Interest and bank charges	2,771	3,541
Materials and supplies	6,141	12,022
Meeting expenses	20,417	18,207
Office and general	12,508	15,648
Programming	2,670	26,233
Rent	38,911	38,684
Research and development	12,469	59,805
Telephone and utilities	5,638	5,341
Training	2,818	450
Travel	42,250	43,252
Wages and benefits	194,741	233,741
	717,648	807,636
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 494,309	\$ -

# Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2019

	Op	perating Fund	į	Research Fund	 Total 2019		Total 2018
Balance, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Excess of revenues over expenses		494,309		-	494,309		-
Transfer to Research Fund (note 3)	(	494,309)		494,309	-	•	-
Balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	494,309	\$ 494,309	\$	-

Statement of Financial Position			
March 31,		2019	2018
Assets			
Current	N .		
Cash	\$	536,833	\$ 105,878
Accounts receivable (note 4)		5,205	13,734
Prepaid expenses (note 5)		36,768	 73,133
		578,806	192,745
Tangible capital assets (note 6)		42,041	51,570
	\$	620,847	\$ 244,315
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	24,836	\$ 62,073
Salaries payable (note 7) Deferred revenue (note 8)		30,895	50,341
Contribution repayable (note 9)		28,766	65,912 14,419
Contribution ropu)able (note o)			 17,710
		84,497	192,745
Deferred capital contributions (note 10)		42,041	51,570
		126,538	244,315
Net Assets			
Operating Fund		_	_
Research Fund	V ************************************	494,309	-
		494,309	_
	\$	620,847	\$ 244,315
			 , . 10

Approved on behalf of the board:	
Ch W/bh	Directo
(ST)	Directo

Statement ·	of Cash	Flows
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For the year ended March 31,	2019	2018
Cash provided by (used for)		
Operating activities Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 494,309 \$	-
Items not affecting cash Amortization Amortization of deferred capital contribution	17,601 (17,601)	22,314 (22,314)
	494,309	-
Change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries payable Deferred revenue	8,529 36,365 (37,237) (19,446) (37,146) (14,419)	(6,972) 37,411 49,108 39,639 (37,146) 1,679
Contribution repayable	430,955	83,719
Financing activity Deferred capital contributions	8,072	3,251
Investing activity Purchase of tangible capital assets	(8,072)	(3,251)
Increase in cash	430,955	83,719
Cash, beginning of year	105,878	22,159
Cash, end of year	\$ 536,833	105,878

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### March 31, 2019

### 1. Nature of operations

Giant Mine Oversight Body Society is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Northwest Territories' *Societies Act.* The Society was formed to fulfil the mandate and carry out the roles and responsibilities of the independent oversight body of the Giant Mine Remediation Project, in accordance with and in furtherance of the Giant Mine Remediation Project Environmental Agreement, as that agreement may be amended from time to time.

The Society is exempt from income tax under section 149(1)(I) of the Income Tax Act.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are detailed as follows:

#### (a) Fund and fund accounting

The Society follows the restricted fund method of accounting. Under this method operations are separated between unrestricted and restricted activities with a set of self-balancing accounts for each fund. The Society uses the following funds:

- (i) The Operating Fund accounts for the Society's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants. Surpluses are transferred to the Research Fund in accordance with INAC agreement.
- (ii) The Research Fund reports only internally restricted funds to be used in conjunction with research activities.

Contributions and other revenues are recognized in the fund corresponding to the purpose for which they were contributed or raised. Restricted contributions and other revenues contributed to or raised for the general fund are deferred and recognized in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Interest revenue is recognized when it is earned.

#### (b) Financial instruments

Financial assets originated or acquired or financial liabilities issued or assumed in an arm's length transaction are initially measured at their fair value. In the case of a financial asset or financial liability not subsequently measured at its fair value, the initial fair value is adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption. Such fees and costs in respect of financial assets and liabilities subsequently measured at fair value are expensed.

The Society subsequently measures the following financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, salaries payable, and contribution repayable.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### March 31, 2019

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Society subsequently measures no financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

At the end of each reporting period, management assesses whether there are any indications that financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost may be impaired. If there is an indication of impairment, management determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred in the expected timing or the amount of future cash flows from the asset, in which case the asset's carrying amount is reduced to the highest expected value that is recoverable by either holding the asset, selling the asset or by exercising the right to any collateral. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in operations. Previously recognized impairment losses may be reversed to the extent of any improvement. The amount of the reversal, to a maximum of the related accumulated impairment charges recorded in respect of the particular asset, is recognized in operations.

#### (c) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. The Society provides for amortization using the declining balance and straight-line methods at rates designed to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives, as set out in note 6.

When tangible capital assets are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated amortization are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is charged against earnings in the period.

Tangible capital assets acquired or constructed during the year are not amortized until they are put into use.

One half of the year's amortization is recorded in the year of acquisition unless the tangible capital asset was acquired in March, in which case no amortization is recorded. No amortization is recorded in the year of disposal.

#### (d) Employee future benefits policy

Provision has been made for the Society's liability for employee future benefits arising from services rendered by employees at date of statement of financial position. Accordingly, the Society has provided for obligations related to unused vacation entitlement. The accrued amounts have been classified under salaries payable.

## (e) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## March 31, 2019

## 3. Transfer

In accordance with the contribution agreement with the Government of Canada, any surpluses in the generated in the Operating Fund are transferred to the Research Fund.

## 4. Accounts receivable

		2019		2018	_
	•	<i>r</i> 205	•	12 724	
GST receivable	<u> </u>	5,205	\$	13,734	4

## 5. Prepaid expenses

	 2019	 2018
Prepaid insurance	\$ 8,229	\$ 6,231
Prepaid rent	28,539	66,042
Workers compensation premium	-	 860_
	\$ 36,768	\$ 73,133

## 6. Tangible capital assets

					2019	 2018
	Rate	 Cost	 ımulated ortization	N	et book value	 let book value
Website Leasehold	100%	\$ 12,654	\$ 12,654	\$	-	\$ -
improvements Office equipment	5 years	8,626	5,176		3,450	5,175
furniture  Computer equipm	5 years	47,170	24,251		22,919	24,127
and software	5 years	 34,605	 18,933		15,672	 22,268
		\$ 103,055	\$ 61,014	\$	42,041	\$ 51,570

Notes	to t	he	Fina	ncial	State	ments
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	calaries payable				
			2019		2018
(	Accrued salaries and wages Government remittances Vacation and VTA payable	\$	15,130 7,874 7,891	\$	32,588 7,855 9,898
		\$	30,895	\$	50,341
Γ	Deferred revenue				
_			2019		2018
(	Sovernment of Canada - Indigenous and Northern Affairs	\$	28,766	\$	65,912
_	Contribution repayable		2019		2018
	Sovernment of Canada - Indigenous and Northern Affairs ess: holdback receivable	\$	-	\$	99,410 (84,991
-		\$	teal	\$	14,419
C	Deferred capital contributions				
_			2019		2018
	Accumulated Cost amortization	N	let book value		Net book value
_	Sovernment of Canada -		42,041	\$	51,570
li	ndigenous and Northern ffairs \$ 103,055 \$ 61,014	\$			
li A	ffairs \$ 103,055 \$ 61,014	\$			
<u> </u>	<del></del>	\$			
<u>Ii</u> <u>A</u> C	ffairs \$ 103,055 \$ 61,014			e wa	er licenc

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### March 31, 2019

#### 12. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

### (a) Credit risk

The Society does have credit risk in accounts receivable of \$5,205 (2018 - \$13,734). Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Society reduces its exposure to credit risk by reviewing its account receivable listing for balances outstanding for more than 90 days and following up with the funding agency for payment. When it is determined that that collection is doubtful an allowance for bad debts is recognized. There has been no change to this risk from the prior year.

### (b) Liquidity risk

The Society does have a liquidity risk in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities and contribution repayable of \$55,731 (2018 - \$126,833). Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society cannot repay its obligations when they become due to its creditors. The Society reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due; maintains an adequate line of credit to repay trade creditors. There has been no change to this risk from the prior year.

## 13. Economic dependence

The Society receives 100% (2018 - 100%) of its revenue through a funding agreement from the Government of Canada - Indigenous and Northern Affairs. The Society's continued operations are dependent on this funding agreement and on satisfying the terms of the agreement.

Giant Mine Oversight Body Society			SCH	EDULE A	
Operating Fund					
For the year ended March 31,		2019		2018	
Revenue Interest income Contribution - Government of Canada - Operating Transfer from deferred revenue Transfer to deferred capital contributions Amortization of deferred capital contributions Contribution repayable	\$	1 777,076 37,146 (8,073) 17,601	\$	922 669,630 37,146 (3,250) 22,314 (31,614)	
		823,751		695,148	
Expenses  Accounting, audit, and legal Advertising and promotion Amortization Contract and consulting fees Equipment rental Honoraria Insurance Interest and bank charges Materials and supplies Meeting expenses Office and general Programming Rent Telephone and utilities Training Travel Wages and benefits	\$	60,499 20,465 17,601 46,149 - 151,684 8,110 2,771 6,141 16,090 12,507 2,670 38,911 5,638 2,818 28,442 194,741	\$	43,094 8,003 22,314 57,149 235 164,096 8,634 3,541 12,022 17,660 15,650 26,233 38,684 5,341 450 39,002 233,040	

Excess revenue over expenses

695,148

\$

615,237

\$ 208,514

Giant Mine Oversight Body Society	SCHEDULE B	
Research Fund		
For the year ended March 31,	2019	2018
Revenue Contribution - Government of Canada - Research Contribution repayable	\$ 388,206	\$ 180,285 (67,796)
	388,206	112,489
Expenses		
Professional services	46,153	21,608
Research workshop and other expenses	12,469	59,805
Honoraria	25,654	25,578
Meeting expenses	4,327	-
Office expenses	-	547
Travel and accommodations	13,808	4,250
Wages and benefits	₩	701
	102,411	112,489
Excess revenue over expenses	\$ 285,795	\$ -